

A Scope-and-Type Safe Universe of Syntaxes with Binding, Their Semantics and Proofs

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Road-map

Motivation

- A Program Transformation

- A Soundness Lemma

A Universe of Syntaxes with Binding

- Anatomy of a Language's Syntax

- Codes for Syntaxes

Scope-and-Kind Aware Traversals

- A Generic Notion of Semantics

- A Catalogue of Scope-and-Kind Preserving Programs

Proof Frameworks

Problem Statement

$$T ::= x \mid T T \mid \lambda x. T$$

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Problem

- ▶ Write a program transformation from S to T inlining *let..in..*
- ▶ Prove a simulation lemma for this transformation

Let-elaboration: from S to T

$$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket \cdot : S \rightarrow (\text{Var} \Rightarrow T) \rightarrow T$$

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Honesty tax ($\S 1$): T admits weakening

A Soundness Lemma

Lemma (Simulation)

Given:

We can prove that:

A Soundness Lemma

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Given:

- ▶ *s and s' s.t. $s \rightsquigarrow_S s'$*

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Lemma (Simulation)

Given:

- ▶ s and s' s.t. $s \rightsquigarrow_S s'$
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- ▶ Statement
 - ▶ \rightsquigarrow_X means X is stable under substitution
- ▶ Proof

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 - ▶ Identity lemmas

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We can prove that: $\llbracket s \rrbracket \rho \rightsquigarrow_T^* \llbracket s' \rrbracket \rho'$

Honesty tax (Ł12+):

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- ▶ Proof
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Grand Total

Summary:

1. Simple languages
2. Problem easy to state
3. 4 lemmas before we can state the problem
4. 12+ lemmas before we can start proving

Shortcomings:

1. Everything is ad-hoc (change the language, re-do the proofs!)
2. Quite noisy ($\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket$ is painfully explicit about the structural cases)

Anatomy of a Language's Syntax

$\text{lam} : \forall\{\sigma \tau \Gamma\} \rightarrow \text{Tm } \tau (\sigma :: \Gamma) \rightarrow \text{Tm } (\sigma \Rightarrow \tau) \Gamma$

$\text{app} : \forall\{\sigma \tau \Gamma\} \rightarrow \text{Tm } (\sigma \Rightarrow \tau) \Gamma \rightarrow \text{Tm } \sigma \Gamma \rightarrow \text{Tm } \tau \Gamma$

A constructor needs to be able to:

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1. Store values (and the rest of the constructor's telescope may depend on them)
2. Have recursive substructures (sometimes with extra variables in scope)
3. Constraint the shape of the branche's indices

Codes for Syntaxes

Requirements:

1. Store values
2. Have recursive substructures
3. Constraint the shape of the indices

```
data Desc (I : Set) : Set
```

```
[[·]] : Desc I → (I → List I → Set) → (I → List I → Set)
```

Codes for Syntaxes

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$$\begin{aligned} \sigma &: (A : \text{Set}) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{Desc } I) \rightarrow \text{Desc } I \\ \llbracket \sigma A d \rrbracket X i \Gamma &= \Sigma_{a:A} \llbracket d a \rrbracket X i \Gamma \end{aligned}$$

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$$'X : I \rightarrow \text{List } I \rightarrow \text{Desc } I \rightarrow \text{Desc } I$$
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Example: Code for STLC

```
data 'STLC : Set where
  'app : ( $\sigma$   $\tau$  : Type)  $\rightarrow$  'STLC
  'lam : ( $\sigma$   $\tau$  : Type)  $\rightarrow$  'STLC
```

STLC : Desc Type

```
STLC = ' $\sigma$  'STLC $  $\lambda$  where
  ('app  $\sigma$   $\tau$ )  $\rightarrow$  'X ( $\sigma \Rightarrow \tau$ ) [] ('X  $\sigma$  [] ('■  $\tau$ ))
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Terms as Free Relative Monads

```
data Tm (d : Desc l) (i : l) (Γ : List l) : Set where
  'var : Var i Γ → Tm d i Γ
  'con : [[ d ]] (Tm d) i Γ → Tm d i Γ
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record Sem (d : Desc I) (V C : I → List I → Set) : Set where

⋮

sem : Sem d V C → ∀{Γ Δ} →
 (∀{i} → Var i Γ → V i Δ) →
 ∀{i} → Tm d i Γ → C i Δ

record Sem ($d : \text{Desc } I$) ($\mathcal{V} \mathcal{C} : I \rightarrow \text{List } I \rightarrow \text{Set}$) : Set where

⋮

sem : Sem $d \mathcal{V} \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \forall \{\Gamma \Delta\} \rightarrow$
 $(\forall \{i\} \rightarrow \text{Var } i \Gamma \rightarrow \mathcal{V} i \Delta) \rightarrow$
 $\forall \{i\} \rightarrow \text{Tm } d i \Gamma \rightarrow \mathcal{C} i \Delta$

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A Catalogue of Scope-and-Kind Preserving Programs

- ▶ Generic:
 - ▶ Renaming
 - ▶ Substitution
 - ▶ Let-elaboration
 - ▶ Printing
 - ▶ Scope-checking
 - ▶ (Unsafe) Normalization by Evaluation
- ▶ Specific to a given language:
 - ▶ CPS translation
 - ▶ Typechecking
 - ▶ Elaboration to a typed language
 - ▶ (Safe) Normalization by Evaluation

Proof Frameworks

Observations:

- ▶ Traversals defined using **Sem** have a constrained shape
- ▶ We should get something for free out of it!

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- ▶ Fusion lemma between three Semantics

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- ▶ Traversals defined using **Sem** have a constrained shape
- ▶ We should get something for free out of it!

Results:

- ▶ Simulation lemma between two Semantics
- ▶ Fusion lemma between three Semantics
- ▶ Instances for common traversals defined generically

Summary

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- Anatomy of a Language's Syntax

- Codes for Syntaxes

Scope-and-Kind Aware Traversals

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Proof Frameworks

Thank you for your attention

You can find all of this (and more) at
<https://github.com/gallais/generic-syntax>

Avenues for future research:

- ▶ Which compilation passes can be implemented generically?
- ▶ Which syntaxes can be safely normalized?
- ▶ Can we have a theory of refinement between various syntaxes?
- ▶ Can we define a subset of well-behaved typing judgments for syntaxes?